§1??: Triple Thegals
IDEA: Integrate functions of three variables. Remark: All the hard work to "up" the
Himensian is already done. Himensian -> 2 makers us the Lindest part +
Conceptable, their is no different from double integrals (pictures are here).
SSSR f(x, 4, 2) dV
is computation via an iterated integral Lisane principle as hefore, the order of integration is more-or-less up to us, as long as he perameterize appropriately.
ex) compute $\iint_{E} (xy+z^{3}) dV$ for $F = [92] \times [0,1] \cdot [6]$ $Sol := \begin{cases} 2 \\ 1 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 3 \\ 1 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 3 \\ 1 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 3 \\ 2 \end{cases} = 0 \end{cases} = 0 \end{cases} = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 3 \\ 2 \end{cases} = 0 \end{cases} = 0 \end{cases} $ $S = 0 \end{cases} = 0 $
mamein (2): (3 X4+23 92

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} xyz + \frac{1}{3}z^{3} \right]_{z=0}^{3}$$

$$= \left(3xy + 9 \right) - 0$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} 3xy + 9 \\ 4 \end{array} \right]_{y=0}^{y=0}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} 3xy + 9y \\ 2xy + 9y \end{array} \right]_{y=0}^{y=0}$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{2}x + 9 \right) - 0$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} 3xy + 9 \\ 2xy + 9y \end{array} \right]_{x=0}^{2}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} 3xy + 9 \\ 2xy + 9 \end{array} \right]_{x=0}^{2}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} 3xy + 9 \\ 2xy + 9 \end{array} \right]_{x=0}^{2}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} 3xy + 9 \\ 4xy + 9 \end{array} \right]_{x=0}^{2}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} 3xy + 9 \\ 4y + 18 \end{array} \right]_{x=0}^{2}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} 3(y) + 18 \\ 4y + 18 \end{array} \right]_{x=0}^{2}$$

SSE (xy+22) dv = 21

ex) Compute SSSp (2x-4) dv where

R = {(x,4,2):052 \(2\),0 \(4\) \(2\),0 \(4\) \(2\) \(4\) while this pranetwization boy the form:

{(x,4,2): C, 525C2, 9,12,154592(21); h,(4,2) = +5 h,(4,2) { This his the some form es were we comprised dontar integers (into a times). $\begin{cases} \{x,y,z\}: g_1(z) \leq y \leq g_2(z), \\ y_1(y,z) \leq x \leq h_2(y,z) \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} \{x,y,z\}: g_1(z) \leq x \leq h_2(y,z), \\ y_2(z) \leq x \leq h_2(y,z) \end{cases}$ EN : SSSQ (24-4) dV innec(x): (y-2) 2x-4 dx $= \left[x^2 - xy \right]_{x=0}^{y-2}$ = ((4-2)2-(4-2)4)-0 = 42 242+22 -42+42 = 22-42

Middle (4):
$$\int_{y=0}^{2} (z^{2} - 4z) dy$$
= $\left[4z^{2} - \frac{1}{2}4^{2}z \right]_{y=0}^{2^{2}}$
= $\left[2^{2} - \frac{1}{2}(z^{2})^{2} \right] 0$
= $\left[2^{4} - \frac{1}{2}z^{4} \right]$

$$\int_{z=0}^{2} z^{4} - \frac{1}{2}z^{5} dz$$
= $\left[-\frac{1}{2}z^{5} - \frac{1}{2}z^{5} \right]_{z=0}^{2}$
= $\left[-\frac{1}{3}z^{5} - \frac{1}{2}z^{5} \right]_{z=0}^{2}$
= $\left[-\frac{1}{3}z^{5} - \frac{1}{2}z^{5} \right]_{z=0}^{2}$
= $\left[-\frac{1}{3}z^{5} - \frac{1}{2}z^{5} \right]_{z=0}^{2}$

SSSR $(2x-y) dv = \frac{1}{3}$

Measure the order of integration in the constant z

to Change the order of integration, we must reparanese to look like the formform earlier (innorms) has unitine vondences).

for this region R in the premises.

Example, to derze the order to dydrdz: reprenerize the form: 2 - \{(x,4,2): C, \le 2 \le C_2, 9,(2) \le x \le 9,(2), h(x2) \le y \\
\[\xi^2 \le x \le y, \frac{1}{2} \le x \le y, \frac{1}{2} \le x \le y \\
\tag{12} \le x \le x \le y \\
\tag{12} \le x \le y \\
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\tag{12} \le x \le x \le x \le x \le x \le y \\
\tag{12} \le x \le look at Z = Zo cross-section.

essectively fixing Z so confirst outron Contrat 2=Zo X=Y-2 Y=Y+2 2=4= x+2 :- Y= 2=2 have $S 0 \le x < 2^2 - 2$ or

pure $S x + 2 \le y \le 2^2$ 4 this is equident to the original region but representatived. (dydxdz for dxdydz)

ex) Comprise the volume of the tetralednon Tuite vertices (0,0,0), (1,0,0), (0,1,0), (0,0,1) Vol (T)= SSF 1 dV 801: R=0 ==-0 1 4-0:-1(v-1) to fre place: UKV = n OSTEL V 054 = 1-X P (0,0,1) 05251-X-4 (1,0,-1)=4 < 0, 1, -17V n= <11,0,-1> x<0,1,-17 10-11= 11,17 01-11 : 0= N.(x-p) 0= <1:,1,17. (X, 4,2-17 = Sr=0 [4-X4-=42] 4=0 dx 0 = X+4+2-1 Z= 1-x-4 = (1 (1-x)-x(1-x)- + (1-x),)qx = (1-x) dx = = = = = [[1-4]] 1=0 = (5)